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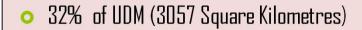


"Re-thinking Public Private Partnerships (PPP) in Tourism"

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Geographical Significance of Jozini



- Freedom fighters route
- Gateway to Mozambique and Swaziland
- 7 traditional communities
- o 3rd largest dam in Africa
- World heritage site
- Game reserves with big five





The epitome of PPP in tourism



Demographics and Economic Sectors

- 186 502 people (29.8% of UDM)
- 38849 house holds.
- 72% of population under 29 years of age.

Major Economic Sectors

- Agriculture
- Tourism
- Government services

Potential Economic Sectors

- Light industry
- Hospitality
- Retail







Municipality's role in LED promotion

- Intervention on second and first economy dichotomy gap
- Address income poverty and past racial and socio-economic discrimination
- Through integrated spatial planning provide infrastructure and services

Private Investors

Government

- Become a centre of coordination of development efforts
- Facilitate coming together of private and public partners
- Fight poverty and unemployment by supporting BEE initiatives
- Mobilisation of role players

TIGER LODGE Trade



Challenges

- Poor access to basic infrastructure
- Poor maintenance of towns
- Poor access to land
- Unemployment
- Poverty
- Limited Resources
- Poor access to social development services (rural communities)
- Poor levels of domestic tourism







Tourism and Investment Opportunities

- Historical & Other Places of Interest
- Lebombo Mountains;
- o Pongolapoort Dam (Jozini Dam);
- Pongolapoort Game Reserve;
- Mkhuze Game Reserve;
- Ndumu Game Reserve;
- Hlatikulu Forest;
- Border Cave;
- fishing in the Pongola River;
- King Dingaan's Grave;
- Usuthu Gorge.
- Adventure tourism.











History of Jozini Tiger Lodge

- Built from January 2008 and completed in December 2009
- Opened in March 2010 4 months before Soccer World Cup
- 70 rooms, conference venues, Spar & wellness centre, swimming pool, etc
- Slow start, but reached break-even point on the 6th month of opening.
- Profitable month on month, with most months exceeding estimated income
- Built on an old hotel site, which had closed down some 30 years earlier.







Time Lines – Growth Since Opening

- Prior JTL, the area had a couple of unregistered B&Bs and stats for this period is not readily available to do a proper comparison.
 - First year of operation Mar 2010 Feb 2011, JTL 17,321 pax
 - 2nd year Mar 2011 Feb 2012 24,301 pax
 - 3rd year Mar 2012 Feb 2013 27,658 pax
- Revenue increased by 117% in 2012 due to increase in:
 - conferencing
 - weddings
 - day visitor business
- Demand for accommodation & other services is on the increase. JTL now works with & refers overflow business to other properties including a recently built 21 room B&B across the lake.







Sustainability of the Project

- All Key Stakeholders are hands on, have a keen & vested interest in the long term growth & sustainability of JTL in particular & the area of Jozini in general.
- Assurance by Municipality that Jozini is a Premium Investment Destination for tourism & other sectors.
 - ➤ Private investors Came up with concept plus project plan; provided seed plus venture capital
 - ➤ Community made LAND available for development
 - ➤ National Empowerment Fund (NEF) funded the community interest, plus provided initial working capital to the project
 - ➤ Municipality provision of services & necessary approvals;
- Key Success Factors are & must remain characterised by:
 - Unity of purpose among all key stakeholders = a common vision
 - **❖** Differences in stakeholders + Diversity Management = GROWTH







Ownership and Management Mix

Ownership Structure:

- Myeni community owns 31%, of JTL through a community trust
- > Private Investors own 69%; of JTL
- Majority shareholding however is owned by Black Africans

• Empowerment Report

Occupational Category	Black	White	Total
Top management			
Senior management	2	4	6
Mid management	6		6
Trade professionals	5		5
Semi skilled	21		21
Work force	37		37
Total	71	4	75







Growth Opportunities

Jozini presents the following opportunities:

- Vast under developed tracks of land
- Access to land is cheaper if compared to the more urbanised areas.
- Very positive business growth trends year on year, resulting in better than average ROI
- > Stable weather / climate conducive to outdoor activities.
- > A Big & clean lake, with huge stocks of Tiger fish.

Immediate Growth opportunities

- Development of water sports; hiking trails; quad biking; bird & game viewing
- Development of both Residential & Commercial properties
- Provision of private Health care; Schooling; & Vocational Facilities
- Shopping Mall with clothing & furniture shops, restaurants, etc.







Lessons Learnt

- o Municipality remains the catalyst in PPP
- o Mobilisation of community and partnership is key to rural tourism success
- o Land ownership and security of tenure arouse investor appetite
- Real say and management responsibility by role-players also key
- o Integration of tourism products with historical and heritage important
- Government support key in investor and community confidence
- o Profit and greed motives enemies of such PPP model sustainability







The epitome of PPP in tourism



That's our story end



Thank you for listening



Jozini Tiger Lodge "PPP Story"

We will eagerly await your call for reservation even if its for one night...