# Briefing to the Portfolio Committee on Tourism on the Department of Tourism Annual Report for 2018/19

8 October 2019







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### I. Auditor-General South Africa's (AGSA) Report: 2018-19 Audit



### Auditor-General's Report

#### Qualified audit

- The department received a qualified audit for the 2018/19 financial year.

#### Basis for Qualification

- Immovable tangible capital assets (challenge with accounting records and asset register).
- Fruitless and wasteful expenditure (challenge with quantification of the full extent of fruitless and wasteful expenditure).

Challenges experienced with capital projects. These related to, amongst others, poorly conceived projects, poor project management practices, and poor performance by implementing agents. These have caused the department significant amount fruitless and wasteful expenditure.



### Auditor-General's Report

#### Pre-determined Objectives:

 No material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information for the selected Programmes, ie Programme 2 (Tourism Research, Policy and International Relations), Programme 3 (Destination Development) and Programme 4 (Tourism Sector Support Services).

#### Financial Statements:

Other than possible effects of matters described in the basis for qualified opinion, the auditor's report, states that the financial statements of the department present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Department of Tourism as at 31 March 2019, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Modified Cash Standard (MCS) as prescribed by the National Treasury as required by section 40(1)(b) of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) and the Division of Revenue Act of South Africa, 2018 (Act No. 14 of 2018) (Dora).



#### Auditor-General's Report...Continued

#### Compliance with Laws and Regulations:

Material findings on compliance with specific matters in key applicable legislation identified:

#### **Submission of Annual Financial Statements:**

- Financial statements submitted for auditing were not prepared in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework and supported by full and proper records as required by section 40(1) (a) and (b) of the PFMA.
- Some material misstatements of disclosure items identified by the auditors in the submitted financial statements were corrected and/or the supporting records were provided subsequently. However, uncorrected material misstatements and/or supporting records that could not be provided resulted in the financial statements receiving a qualified opinion.

#### **Procurement and Contract Management:**

- Preference point system was not applied in some of the procurement of goods and services above R30 000 as required by section 2(a) of the PPPFA and TR 16A6.3(b). This non-compliance was identified in the procurement processes by implementing agents on behalf of the department.
- Some of the bid documentation for procurement of commodities designated for local content and production, did not stipulate the minimum threshold for local production and content as required by the 2017 preferential procurement regulation 8(2).

#### **Expenditure Management:**

- Effective and appropriate steps not taken to prevent irregular expenditure amounting to R26.5 million as disclosed in note 22, as required by section 38(1)(c)(ii) of the PFMA and TR 9.1.1. Majority of irregular expenditure disclosed in the financial statements was caused by the preference point system not being applied by implementing agents on behalf of the department.
- Effective steps not taken to prevent fruitless and wasteful expenditure, as required by section 38(1)(c)(ii) of the PFMA and TR 9.1.1. As reported in the basis for qualified opinion the full extent of the fruitless and wasteful expenditure could not be quantified. Majority of the fruitless and wasteful expenditure disclosed in the financial statements was caused by expenditure incurred on infrastructure projects.



#### Auditor-General's Report...Continued

#### Internal Controls

Identified internal control deficiencies:

Evaluation performed by the department and the auditors on some of the stalled projects on the department's EPWP revealed serious concerns regarding project management by the department on these projects, which included the following:

- the department did not have adequate capacity and appropriate competencies to ensure that appropriate oversight is exercised;
- the department did not obtain certified engineer and quantity surveyor certificates for infrastructure projects;
- there was inadequate project management to ensure that appropriate oversight is exercised over infrastructure projects and that adequate records are kept for immovable tangible capital assets;
- there was lack of detailed feasibility studies before approving projects;
- there was lack of regular site visits being conducted during the construction of projects as part of project management, and,
- implementing agents did not follow procurement prescripts when procuring goods and services on behalf of the department.



### Auditor-General's Report ... Continued

#### Other reports:

- During the financial year, criminal investigations into allegations relating to some of the EPWP were being undertaken by the law enforcement agencies.
- As previously reported, the Government Technical Advisory Centre (GTAC) has been requested to review the Social Responsibility Initiative projects, which include the EPWP projects to ensure finalisation of these projects in an effective and efficient manner. The review covered a sample of EPWP projects not yet finalised since inception of the department until 31 March 2018. At the date of the report, the review has been completed.



### 2. Financial Information



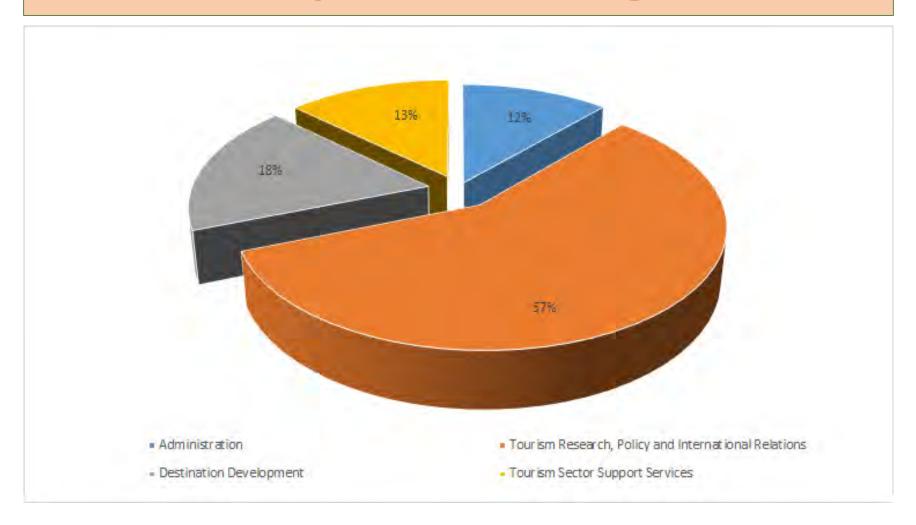
#### **Budget and Expenditure Review for 2018/19**

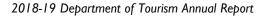
Programme	Final Appropriation (R'000)	Expenditure (R'000)	Expenditure As Per % Of Final Appropriation	Explanation Of Material Variances
Administration	266 458	260 730	97.9%	The bulk of this underspending lies within Compensation of Employees due to strict policies adhered to by the department to reduce expenditure on salaries and wages.
Tourism Research, Policy and International Relations	I 288 I30	I 283 908	99.7%	The underspending is due to cost containment measures implemented by the department to reduce spending on Goods and Services during the financial year.
Destination Development	406 847	398 447	97.9%	The underspending is primarily related to project payments to consultants for research and advisory services which could not be processed as milestones where not reached as per contractual agreements.
Tourism Sector Support Services	300 382	291 717	97.1%	The underspending is primarily due to the delays experienced in the finalisation of contracts with project implementers of the Tourism Incentive Programme.
Total	2 261 817	2 234 802	98.8%	

2018-19 Department of Tourism Annual Report



#### **Actual Expenditure Per Programme**





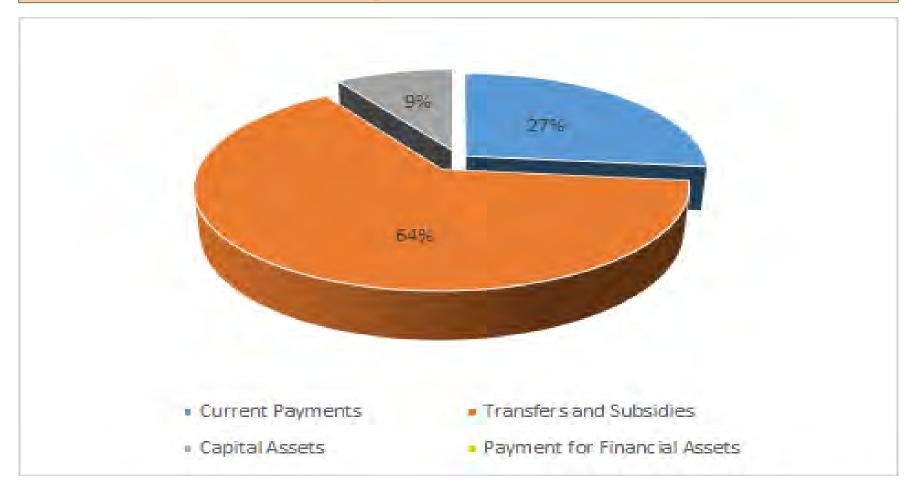


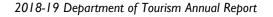
#### **Expenditure Per Economic Classification (Summary)**

Economic Classification	Final Appropriation R'000	Expenditure R'000	Variance R'000
Current Payments			
- Compensation of Employees	320 353	313 452	6 901
- Goods and Services	412 078	393 686	18 392
Transfers and Subsidies			
- Departmental Agencies and Accounts	I 274 023	I 274 023	-
- Higher Education Institutions	-	-	-
- Foreign Governments and International Organisations	2 508	2 348	160
- Public Corporations and Private Enterprises	76 954	75 939	1 015
- Non-Profit Institutions	472	472	-
- Households	68 929	68 931	(2)
Capital Assets			,
- Buildings and other fixed structures	94 739	94 187	552
- Machinery and Equipment	8 547	8 549	(2)
- Software and other intangible Assets	2818	2818	-
- Payment for Financial Assets	396	397	(1)
Total	2 261 817	2 234 802	27 015



### Actual Expenditure Per Economic Classification - High Level Item







#### **Details of Variance Per Economic Classification**

Details	Amount	Action
	R'000	
Current Payments	25 293	Surrender funds to National Treasury.
- Compensation		
- Goods and Services (Accruals)		
Transfer and Subsidies	1 173	Supposition of the National Transpury
- Foreign governments and international organisations		Surrender funds to National Treasury.
- Public Corporations and private enterprises		
- Households		
1 louselloids		
Payments for Capital Assets	550	Surrender funds to National Treasury.
- Buildings and other fixed structures		•
- Machinery and Equipment		
Payment for Financial Assets	(1)	
	` ,	
Total	27 015	

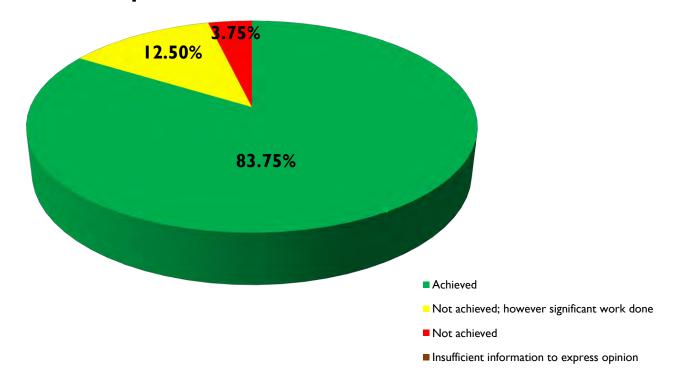


# 3. Programme Performance Information



#### 2018-19 Annual Performance

#### 2018/19 Departmental Annual Performance



The department had a total of 80 annual targets to achieve for 2018/19 financial year across all four programmes. Currently, a total of 67 of 80 targets have been achieved (83.75%) across all four departmental Programmes, while 10 of 80 targets (12.50%) have been partially achieved or recorded significant work done, and 3 of 80 targets (3.75%) were under achieved.



#### 2018/19 Performance Overview By Programmes

Branch	Achieved	Not achieved; significant work done	Not achieved; intervention required	Insufficient information to express opinion
Corporate Management	82.35% (14 of 17)	17.65% (3 of 17)	0.00% (0 of 17)	0.00% (0 of 17)
Tourism Research, Policy and International Relations	95.24% (20 of 21)	4.76% (I of 2I)	0.00% (0 of 21)	0.00% (0 of 21)
Destination Development	84.62% (11 of 13)	15.38% (2 of 13)	0.00% (0 of 13)	0.00% (0 of 13)
Tourism Sector Support Services	75.86% (22 of 29)	13.79% (4 of 29)	10.34% (3 of 29)	0.00% (0 of 29)
Total	83.75% (67 of 80)	12.50% (10 of 80)	3.75% (3 of 80)	0.00% (0 of 80)

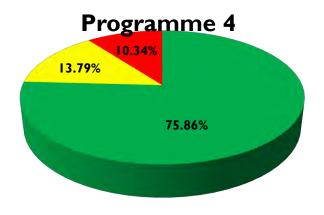


#### 2018-19 Branches Annual Performance









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### 3.1 Programme I

### Corporate Management



### Strategic Objective: To ensure economic, efficient and effective use of departmental resources.

К	Key Performance Indicator  Annual Target		Actual Performance
Ι.	Number of strategic	APP for 2019/20 developed.	APP for 2019/20 was developed.
	documents developed.	Annual Performance Report for 2017/18 developed.	Annual Performance Report for 2017/18 was developed.
	Four quarterly reports on the implementation of the SP and APP developed.		Four quarterly reports on the implementation of the SP and APP were developed.
		Four quarterly risk analysis reports presented to RMC.	Four quarterly risk analysis reports were presented to RMC.
		Four SAT oversight Reports developed.	Four SAT oversight reports were developed.



### Strategic Objective: To ensure economic, efficient and effective use of departmental resources.

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	Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance
	2. Vacancy rate.	Vacancy rate not to exceed 8%.	Reason for variance: The non-achievement is as a result of the department not being able to fill vacancies since April 2018 due to the ceiling on the compensation budget imposed by National Treasury (NT). The once-off virement allowed by NT could not be used for long-term commitments.  Corrective measure: It is anticipated that the constraints to the fiscal framework will continue to impact on vacancy management. The department will continue to explore possibilities for creating adequate capacity in order to implement its strategic programmes and to introduce efficiency and effectiveness improvements.

### Strategic Objective: To ensure economic, efficient and effective use of departmental resources.

Key Performance Indicator		Annual Target	Actual Performance
re se se re pe an	eople with disabilities,	women representation at SMS level.  Maintain minimum of 3% people with disabilities representation.  Maintain minimum of 91,5%	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
		Black representation.	31 March 2019.



Strategic Objective:To	Strategic Objective: To ensure economic, efficient and effective use of departmental resources.		
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance	
4. Percentage implementation of Workplace Skills Plan (WSP) with defined targeted training interventions.	Development and 100% implementation of WSP.	75% development and implementation of WSP was achieved.  Reason for variance:  The 25% constituted of the following initiatives that were not implemented in the WSP: Internship intake and New bursaries. The internships are funded from the compensation of employees' budget which is currently constrained by NT's ceiling on CoE for all government departments. The once-off virement allowed by NT could not be used for long-term commitments.  The department was able to support current bursaries but not new intakes due to budgetary constraints and concerns about the availability of funds in outer years.  Corrective measure:  For 2019/2020 the DPSA has been informed that the department will not have funds to take in interns. As for bursaries, the department has agreed to review the financial situation in the 3rd quarter, and reconsider possible bursary intakes for the 2020 academic year and outer years. This means that the HRD implementation plan is to be aligned to the above developments.	

Post the submission of the annual report for audit purposes, the department has since been able to raise and allocate funding for the intake of interns in the financial year 2019/20.



Strategic Objective:To ensure ec	Strategic Objective:To ensure economic, efficient and effective use of departmental resources.			
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance		
5. Percentage compliance with prescripts on management of labour relations matters.	1 00/0 compliance in the management	·		
6. Implementation of Information Communication Technology Strategic Plan (ICTSP).		ICTSP (2018/19-2022/23) was revised and implemented.		
7. Number of quarterly and annual financial statements compiled and submitted.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<ul> <li>Three quarterly interim financial statements were submitted to NT.</li> <li>One annual financial statement was submitted to NT and AGSA.</li> </ul>		
8. Percentage implementation of the annual internal audit plan.	100% implementation of the annual internal audit plan.	100% of the annual internal audit plan was implemented.		



Strategic Objective: To enhance understanding and awareness of the value of tourism and its opportunities.			
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance	
9. Percentage implementation of the communication strategy (media engagement, branding, events management, internal and intergovernmental communications and community engagements / izimbizo).	•	98% (47 of 48 initiatives) of the Department's communication strategy was implemented.  Reason for variance:  A Ministerial project launch and Imbizo, scheduled to take place on 22 February 2019, was postponed to the next financial year following advice from SAPS Phuthaditjaba regarding public unrest and road barricades at Thaba Bosiu.  Corrective measure:  Izimbizo have a community outreach objective. The department will continue with outreach to ensure successful hosting of Izimbizo and institution of implementation mechanisms to ensure community awareness about and access to information about the department's programmes and initiatives.	
Percentage procurement from B-BBEE-compliant businesses.	100% of expenditure achieved on procurement from enterprises on B-BBEE contributor status levels 1 to 5.	·	

### 3.2 Programme 2

## Tourism Research, Policy and International Relations



### Strategic Objective: To create an enabling legislative and regulatory environment for tourism development and growth

K	ey Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance
1.	Number of policy development initiatives undertaken.	<ul> <li>Two tourism facilitation initiatives</li> <li>Quarterly analysis reports on airlift developed to inform stakeholder engagements.</li> <li>Quarterly analysis reports on visa requirements developed to inform stakeholder engagements.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quarterly analysis reports on airlift to inform stakeholder engagements were developed.</li> </ul>
2.	Number of information	Two platforms created: Tourism Public Lecture hosted.	Tourism Public Lecture was hosted on 18
	dissemination platforms hosted.	Tourism rubiic Lecture Hosted.	September 2018 in Mthatha, under the theme: "Inclusive and Quality Growth of the Tourism Sector Through Digital Transformation".
		Tourism Research Seminar hosted.	Tourism Research Seminar was hosted on 15 March 2019 in Pretoria.



### Strategic objective: To provide knowledge services to inform policy, planning and decision making

Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance
3. Number of	Twenty-two reports:	
Tourism	1. 2017/18 National Tourism	2017/18 NTSS Implementation Report
Monitoring and	Sector Strategy (NTSS)	was developed.
Evaluation	Implementation Report	
Reports developed.	developed.	
developed.	2. Draft 2017/18 State of Tourism	Draft 2017/18 STR was developed.
	Report (STR) developed.	
	3. Quarterly Tourism Fact Sheets	Quarterly Tourism Fact Sheets were
	developed.	developed.
	4. Monthly reports on the analysis	Monthly reports on the analysis of
	of tourist arrivals developed.	tourist arrivals were developed.
	5. Report on the implementation	Report on the implementation of the
	of the monitoring plan for	monitoring plan for capacity-building
	capacity-building projects.	projects was developed.

### Strategic objective: To provide knowledge services to inform policy, planning and decision making

Key Performance Indicator		nce	Annual Target Actual Performance	
3.	Number Tourism Monitoring Evaluation Reports developed.	of and	Twenty-two reports continued:  6. Impact evaluation report on departmental capacity-building programmes commenced.  programmes commenced developed.	
			7. Report on the implementation of the monitoring plan for infrastructure projects.  Report on the implementation monitoring plan for infrast projects was developed.	
			8. Annual report on the implementation of signed of signed bilateral agreement developed.	



Strategic objective: To provide knowledge services to inform policy, planning and decision making.

Key Performance Indicator		Annual Target	Actual Performance
4. Number		Three information systems:	
information systems		Development of the National	Development of the NTIMS: supply side
•		Tourism Information and	database was finalised.
maintained.		Monitoring System (NTIMS):	
		supply side database	
		prioritised.	
		Development of database of	Development of database of black-owned
		black-owned products and	products and services was finalised.
		services.	
		Development of a biometric	Development of a biometric time and
		time and attendance system	attendance system for tourism EPWP
		for tourism Expanded Public	projects was finalised.
		Works Programme (EPWP)	
		projects.	

S	Strategic objective: To enhance regional tourism integration				
	Key Performance Indicator		Annual Target	Actual Performance	
5.	Number of initiatives	- 1	Five initiatives:		
		ın	•	IORA Workshop on Coastal and Marine Tourism was hosted on 6-8 May 2018 in	
	and bilater		Workshop on Coastal and Marine Tourism.	Durban.	
	regional integration.		<ol><li>Hosting of IORA Tourism Experts Meeting.</li></ol>	IORA Tourism Experts Meeting was hosted on 7 May 2018 in Durban.	
			<ol><li>Hosting of the IORA Tourism Ministers' Meeting.</li></ol>	IORA Tourism Ministers' Meeting was hosted on 21-23 October 2018 in Nelson Mandela Bay.	
			Workshop targeted at African countries with whom	Sharing of Best Practices Workshop targeted at African countries with whom SA signed tourism agreements was hosted on 19 to 21 February 2019 in Durban.	

Str	Strategic objective: To enhance regional tourism integration					
k	Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance			
5.	Number of initiatives facilitated in multilateral fora and bilateral cooperation and regional integration.	Five initiatives continues  5. Indaba Ministerial  Session hosted.				
Str	rategic objective: To facilitate	tourism capacity-building p	rogrammes			
6.	Number of capacity-building programmes implemented.	One programme: 600 trained youth employed for National Tourism Information and Monitoring System (NTIMS) data collection.	Limited number of qualifying youth in rural and remote			
			Corrective measure: In line with the EPWP framework, the department commenced with addressing the shortfall by sourcing suitable youth for the outstanding municipalities by placing unemployed, qualifying youth from adjacent local municipalities within the same district municipalities and regions.			



### 3.3 Programme 3

### **Destination Development**



Strategic objective: To diversify and enhance tourism offerings.			
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance	
I. Number of	Eleven Destination planning initia	tives undertaken:	
destination planning initiatives undertaken.	each of the nine provinces, as a	Two facilitation sessions were hosted in each of the nine provinces, as a platform to implement the destination planning manual as a planning tool.	
	2. Township (Khayelitsha) tourism precinct plans developed.	Precinct plans for Khayelitsha were developed.	
	3. Karoo region tourism precinct plans developed.	Precinct plans for Karoo region were developed.	
	· ·	Draft master plans for Sutherland to Carnarvon/SKA were completed.	
	5. Hondeklip Baai to Port Nolloth draft Master Plan.	Draft master plans for Hondeklip Baai to Port Nolloth were completed.	

Strategic objective: To diversify and enhance tourism offerings.				
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance		
I. Number of	Eleven Destination planning initiatives undertaken continued:			
destination planning initiatives		Draft master plans for Port St Johns to Coffee Bay were completed.		
undertaken.	7. Orange River Mouth draft Master Plan.	Draft master plans for Orange River Mouth were completed.		
	8. Kleinzee Beach Precinct Development concept developed.	Concept for Kleinzee Beach Precinct Development was developed.		
	<ol> <li>Hondeklipbaai and McDougalls Bay Campsites Precinct Development concept developed.</li> </ol>	Concept for Hondeklipbaai and McDougalls Bay Campsites was developed.		
	10. Develop and promote a pipeline of prioritised tourism investment projects and opportunities.	A pipeline of prioritised tourism investment projects and opportunities was developed and promoted.		
	II. Develop an ownership and operational model for the budget resorts.	Ownership and operational model for the accommodation and related tourism products (budget resorts) was developed.		



Sti	Strategic objective: To diversify and enhance tourism offerings.					
	ey erformance dicator	Ar	nnual Target	Actual Performance		
2.	Number of	Fifteen initiatives				
	destination enhancement initiatives supported.	Eight destination enhancement projects supported, namely:				
		lmį	olementation of	The following destination enhancement projects were		
		eigl	ht destination	not supported:		
		enhancement projects				
		mc	onitored, namely:	1. Shangoni Gate.		
		۱.	Shangoni Gate.	2. Phalaborwa Wild Activity Hub.		
		2.	Phalaborwa Wild			
			Activity Hub.	Reason for variance:		
				There were delays in appointment of Civil engineer due to poor response by suitable candidates for Shangoni Gate, which further delayed the procuring of geotechnical and land surveyor services to enable finalisation of detailed plans. For Phalaborwa Wildlife Activity Hub, there was a delay in finalisation of the environmental impact authorisation.		



Strategic objective	Strategic objective: To diversify and enhance tourism offerings.			
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance		
2. Number of	Fifteen initiatives			
destination	Eight destination enhan	cement projects supported, namely:		
enhancement initiatives supported.	Implementation of eight destination enhancement projects monitored, namely: I. Shangoni Gate. 2. Phalaborwa Wild Activity Hub.	The following destination enhancement projects were not supported: Shangoni Gate and Phalaborwa Wild Activity Hub continued.  Corrective measure: Shangoni Gate: The engineer has been appointed mid-April 2019 and resumed work onsite from I May 2019, to provide analysis and land surveying. This will establish the Specifications and TORs to appoint the contractor.  Phalaborwa: Follow-ups on the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) will be facilitated on a continued basis to ensure further processes begins promptly following the approvals being granted.		

Delays for the Shangoni Gate project were mainly attributed to the extensive consultation process to complete the Basic Assessment Report (BAR) and addressing the appeals lodged after the issuing of the Record of Decision (ROD). This was necessary in order to ensure the communities acceptance of the position of the entrance gate. In addition to the completing specialised studies for the environmental impact assessment application, SANParks was also requested to conduct flood line studies for the proposed gate, tented camp and camping sites. The Authorisation (the Record of Decision – ROD) was obtained in May 2018 for the construction of the Shangoni Gate. The delays in this process had a knock on effect on the rest of project schedule and therefore achievement of the original target."

Strategic objective	Strategic objective: To diversify and enhance tourism offerings.							
Key Performance Indicator		Annual Target	Actual Performance					
2. Number	of	Fifteen initiatives						
destination		Eight destination enhancemer	nt projects supported, namely:					
enhancement initiatives supported.		<ol> <li>Universal Access (UA) projects at:</li> <li>Blyde River Canyon Tourism Sites in Mpumalanga.</li> <li>Hilltop Rest Camp at Hluhluwe Game Reserve in KZN.</li> <li>Gariep Dam Nature Reserve in Free State.</li> <li>Dwesa Cwebe Nature Reserve in the Eastern Cape.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Mpumalanga.</li> <li>Hilltop Rest Camp at Hluhluwe Game Reserve in KZN.</li> <li>Gariep Dam Nature Reserve in Free State.</li> </ul>					



Strategic objective: To diversify and enhance tourism offerings.							
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance					
2. Number of	Fifteen initiatives						
destination	Eight destination enhancement projects supported, namely:						
enhancement initiatives	7. Dinosaur Interpretation Centre.	Dinosaur Interpretation Centre was					
supported.		supported.					
supported.	8. Leopard Trail and Interpretation	Leopard Trail and Interpretation Centre at					
	Centre at Baviaanskloof WHS.	Baviaanskloof WHS were supported.					
	Interpretative signage implemented in	Interpretative signage was implemented in					
	six national iconic sites:	the following six national iconic sites:					
	<ol> <li>Hluhluwe Nature Reserve.</li> <li>Mkambati Nature Reserve.</li> <li>Dwesa Cwebe Nature Reserve.</li> <li>Tsitsikamma National Park.</li> <li>Blyde River Canyon.</li> <li>Square Kilometres Array (SKA) Karoo Node.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Hluhluwe Nature Reserve.</li> <li>Mkambati Nature Reserve.</li> <li>Dwesa Cwebe Nature Reserve.</li> <li>Tsitsikamma National Park.</li> <li>Blyde River Canyon.</li> <li>SKA Karoo Node.</li> </ul>					

Strategic objective: To diversify and enhance tourism offerings.					
Key Performance Indicator  Annual Target		Actual Performance			
destination enhancement initiatives supported.	One route development supported: Indi-Atlantic Route.	ent projects supported, namely:  One route development project was supported: Indi-Atlantic Route.			
3. Number of (Full Time Equivalent (FTE) jobs created through Working for Tourism projects on the Expanded Public Works Programme (EPWP).	6 355 FTE jobs created through the Working for Tourism Programme.	<ul> <li>3 199 FTE jobs were created through the Working for Tourism Programme.</li> <li>Reason for variance: FTEs are realised through the implementation of EPWP funded projects. During the year under review, there were delays in implementation of certain EPWP funded projects for various reasons including:</li> <li>Detailed project planning processes with partners taking longer than anticipated.</li> <li>Delays in procurement of implementers due to responsiveness of bids as well as administrative delays.</li> <li>Necessary design improvement based on lessons learned in implementation of pilots.</li> <li>Corrective Measure: Procurement for EPWP projects and contracting of service providers was initiated in the last quarter the 2018-19 financial year. The actual implementation will be aligned to start in quarter 1 of the next financial year. The numbers will be managed throughout the project life cycle.</li> </ul>			

# 3.4 Programme 4:

# **Tourism Sector Support Services**



Strategic objective: To accelerate the transformation of the tourism sector.						
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target Actual Perfor	mance				
I. Number of	Three initiatives supported to promote B-BBEE imp	lementation:				
initiatives	I. Monitoring report on the Monitoring of the imp	olementation of				
supported to	implementation of the the amended Tourism	B-BBEE Sector				
promote Broad-	amended tourism B-BBEE Code was done					
Based Black	sector Code					
economic	2. Secretariat services to the Secretariat services to	o the Tourism				
Empowerment	Tourism B-BBEE Charter B-BBEE Charter Council	l was provided				
(B-BBEE) implementation	Council provided	·				
	3. Women in Tourism Women in Tourism	empowerment				
	empowerment initiatives initiatives were conducte	ed				
	conducted					



Strategic objective: To accelerate the transformation of the tourism sector.						
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target Actual Performance					
2. Number of	Three initiatives supported to stimulate Domestic Tourism:					
initiatives supported to stimulate domestic tourism.	todi operators to latimate to latimate domestic todi isim	was				
	3. Tours for designated groups Tours for designated groups supported supported (youth, the elderly and people with disabilities). Tours for designated groups supported supported (youth, the elderly and people with disabilities).					



K	ey Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance
3.	Number of enterprises		Non-financial business development support was provided to 663 SMMEs
	supported for development.	provided to 400 Small, Medium and	Reason for variance:
			The department expanded its reach to SMMEs by using provincial and local government engagement platforms to include awareness sessions on services provided by the department to support tourism business.  This increased uptake of this programme resulting in higher than targeted numbers.



Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance
3. Number of enterprises supported for development.	tourism SMME financial literacy and management account and marketing skills and platforms development	

The EMPRETEC business management programme is a SEDA owned programme. In 2018/19 financial year the department had partnered with SEDA with a target to train 400 SMMEs. In year, our implementing partner indicated that their budget was reprioritised, affecting the continuation of the project. Therefore the project could not continue further due to the funding cut by SEDA.



Key	y Performar licator	ice	Annual Target		Actual Performance	
4.	Number Incubators implemented.	of	Three existincubators supported.	sting	Four existing incubators were supported: Pilanesberg, Mier, Phalaborwa and Manyeleti incubators.  Reason for variance:	
					After the 2019/20 plans had been finalised at the end of 2018/19, an additional incubator was established, increasing the number of incubators the department had to continue to support.	
			Two new incuba established.	itors	<ul> <li>One new incubator was established:</li> <li>The Maintenance Incubation Programme in Partnership with SANParks was approved by the department. A MoA and project proposal have been signed with SANParks</li> </ul>	
					Reason for variance: Finalisation of the Barista Training Incubator was affected by project implementation delays. However, the project has since been finalised.	

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
P	Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target Actual Performance
5.	Number of	Four incentive programmes implemented:
	incentivised	I. Market Access Support Four incentive programmes were
	programmes	Programme. implemented:
	implemented.	2. Tourism grading Support
		Programme. I. Market Access Support Programme.
		3. Energy efficiency (Green 2. Tourism Grading Support
		Tourism Incentive Programme.
		Programme). 3. Energy Efficiency (Green Tourism
		4. Sector Transformation Incentive Programme).
		(Tourism Transformation 4. Sector Transformation (Tourism
		Fund). Transformation Fund).



to contribute to inclusive economic growth and job creation.						
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance				
6. Number of community tourism enterprises supported to enter the tourism value chain.	enterprises supported to enter tourism value chain in five communities	Stakeholder consultation in the five communities and the feasibility study have been completed.  Reason for variance: Feasibility study as the necessary step to provide relevant support to the enterprises needed to be completed before the work to provide support could be initiated.  Corrective measure: Business plans have been drafted to initiate the provision of support to the five identified communities.				



inclusive economic growth and job creation.								
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance						
7. Number of	Six initiatives for improving v	isitor services implemented:						
initiatives for improving	Application of Service Excellence	Application of Service Excellence Standard (SANS						
visitor services	Standards (SANS) 1197 in three	1197) was done in three (3) Visitor Information						
implemented.	Visitor Information centres located	centres (VICs) located in three nodes:						
·	in three nodes:							
	I. St Lucia (Khula Information	<ul> <li>Pilanesberg National Park Visitor Information</li> </ul>						
	Centre) in KZN.	Centre in North West.						
	2. Port St Johns Visitor	<ul> <li>Kimberley Visitor information Centre.*</li> </ul>						
	Information Centre in EC.	<ul> <li>West Rand Development Agency Visitor</li> </ul>						
	3. Pilanesburg National Park	Information Centre.*						
	Visitor Information Centre in							
	North West.	Reason for variance:						
		The deviation had been duly motivated and						
		approved.						

<sup>\*</sup>The department changed sites where the project was implemented, i.e. Kimberley Visitor information Centre and West Rand Development Agency Visitor Information Centre



To facilitate the development and growth of tourism enterprises to contribute to inclusive economic growth and job creation.					
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance			
7. Number of	Six initiatives for improving visi	tor services implemented Continued:			
initiatives for improving visitor services implemented.	,	J2SE Programme in two (2) municipalities as part of the small town revitalisation was implemented in:  1. Jozini - KZN . 2. Port St Johns – EC.			
	100% compliance with the service	100% compliance with the service delivery			

management of tourist complaints.

accreditation of tourism scheme.

delivery charter in the charter in the management of tourist

Development of framework for A framework for accreditation of tourism

complaints.

schemes was developed.



То	facilitate	the	development	and	growth	of	tourism	enterprises	to	contribute	to
inc	inclusive economic growth and job creation.										

inclusive econom	c growth and job creation.								
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance							
7. Number of	Six initiatives for improv	ing visitor services implemented Continued:							
initiatives for improving visitor	Three joint awareness campaigns implemented for:	Four joint awareness campaigns were implemented for:							
services	<ul> <li>Complaints Management</li> </ul>	Complaints Management							
implemented.	Service Excellence	Service Excellence							
•	<ul> <li>Tourist Guiding</li> </ul>	Tourist Guiding							
	Tourism Safety	Tourism Safety							
		Reason for variance:							
		Consumer Protection Forum in KZN had planned a							
		Joint Awareness Campaign to celebrate Consumer							
		Protection week on 11 – 15 March 2019. Considering							
		this to be an opportunity to broaden tourism							
		awareness initiatives, negotiations were held with the							
		Forum organisers to include specific tourism issues in							
		their Programme from 12 to 13 March 2019.							



growen and job creation.								
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance						
7. Number of	Six initiatives for improving visitor services implemented Continued:							
initiatives for	I 450 Tourism Monitors enrolled:	Training was implemented in the following three						
improving	Gauteng (200)	provinces:						
visitor services	Mpumalanga (250)							
implemented.	• Eastern Cape (200)	Gauteng (194)						
	<ul> <li>Western Cape (100)</li> </ul>	Mpumalanga (238)						
	<ul> <li>KwaZulu-Natal (250)</li> </ul>	Eastern Cape (167)						
	Northern Cape (50)							
	• Free State (50)	Reason for variance:						
	North West (100)	Using lessons learned from implementation in the first 3						
	<ul> <li>Limpopo (250)</li> </ul>	provinces, the department decided to revisit the						
		programme design and review numbers in the new						
		provinces.						
		Corrective measure:						
		Implementations in the other 6 provinces will be						
		informed by this review exercise in order to meet						
		programme objectives.						



Si	Strategic objective: To facilitate tourism capacity-building programmes.							
	Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance					
8.	Number of capacity- building programmes implemented.		rogrammes Tourism Human Resource tiatives implemented:					
	implemented.	I. 577 unemployed youth enrolled in NYCTP.	588 unemployed youth were enrolled in the NYCTP.					
			Reason for variance: To manage high drop outs rates and avoid the risk of not achieving, additional learners were enrolled since inception.					
		enrolled in the Blue Flag	200 unemployed youth were enrolled in the Blue Flag Beach Training Programme in 2016 for the duration of 2 years and four months. However, at 31 March 2019, 157 youth remained in the programme due to					
		<ul><li>Western Cape (100)</li><li>Eastern Cape (50)</li><li>KwaZulu-Natal (50)</li></ul>	drop outs and other employment opportunities.					



St	Strategic objective: To facilitate tourism capacity-building programmes.							
ı	Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target		l Target	Actual Performance			
8.	Number of capacity-building			•	nt programmes Tourism Human Resource ) initiatives implemented:			
	programmes implemented.		youth	enrolled in elier Training	300 unemployed youth were enrolled in Sommelier Training Programme. However at 31 March 2019, 272 youth remained in the programme due to drop outs and other employment opportunities.			
				enrolled in Safety	I 500 unemployed youth in the Food Safety Programme were not enrolled  Reason for variance: The procurement process did not identify a suitable supplier to implement the programme.  Corrective measure: The procurement process for an implementer has been re-started in order to continue with the programme.			



Strategic objective: To facilitate tourism capacity-building programmes.							
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance					
capacity-building	Nine skills development prog Development (THRD) initiat	rammes Tourism Human Resource ives implemented:					
programmes implemented.	<ul><li>Programme Implemented:</li><li>600 learners enrolled in</li></ul>	Hospitality Youth Programme was implemented with 643 learners enrolled in Accommodation, Food and Beverages. However, as at 31 March 2019 there were 581 learners in the Programme distributed as follows:  • NW (203)  • FS (93)  • Limpopo (285)					



Stı	Strategic objective:To facilitate tourism capacity-building programmes.								
k	Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance						
8.	capacity-building programmes	(THRD) initiatives implei	programmes Tourism Human Resource Development mented:  I 780 unemployed youth were trained and placed in						
	implemented.	. , ,	restaurants for experiential training. However as at 31						
		<ul> <li>Mpumalanga (350)</li> <li>Eastern Cape- (200)</li> <li>Western Cape (575)</li> <li>Kwazulu-Natal (575)</li> <li>Northern Cape (100)</li> </ul>	Gauteng (515); Mpumalanga (318); Eastern Cape (164); KwaZulu-Natal (640); Northern Cape (0); Western Cape (0).						
			Reason for variance: The shortfall is accounted for by Northern Cape and Western Cape where recruitment was not finalised as the project was still at planning phase.						
			Corrective measure: Procurement for Western Cape and Northern Cape has since been finalised and implementation of the project will commence.						



Strategic objective:To	Strategic objective:To facilitate tourism capacity-building programmes.								
Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance							
capacity-building	Nine skills development programm (THRD) initiatives implemented:	nes Tourism Human Resource Development							
programmes implemented.	6. NTCE convened.	NTCE was convened.							
		Training of forty Women in the Executive Development Programme was facilitated.							
	· ·	Two programmes to capacitate tourist guides were fully implemented and one was partly implemented:							
	<ul> <li>iSimangaliso Wetland Park and Cape Floral Kingdom.</li> <li>Up-skilling of tourist guides at Kruger National Park.</li> <li>Training of new entrants as tourist guides in the Eastern Cape and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Up-skilling of tourist guides at Kruger National Park was done.</li> <li>New entrants as tourist guides in the Eastern Cape and Limpopo provinces were trained.</li> </ul>							
	Limpopo provinces.	Reason for variance: The widespread fires in the Western Cape have delayed the commencement of the training.							



St	Strategic objective: To facilitate tourism capacity-building programmes.								
ŀ	Key Performance Indicator	Annual Target	Actual Performance						
	capacity-building	Nine skills development programmes Tourism Human Resource Development (THRD) initiatives implemented:							
	programmes implemented.	<ul> <li>8. Resource Efficiency Training Programmes implemented for sixty learners in three provinces:</li> <li>• Eastern Cape</li> <li>• Free State</li> <li>• Western Cape</li> </ul>	60 learners were recruited in the Programme in the Eastern Cape, Free State and Western Cape. However, as at 31 March 2019, only 47 learners were in the programme due to drop outs.						
		Provincial and local government Capacity-Building Programme:  Four provincial and local government tourism information sharing sessions coordinated in municipalities linked to rural nodes.	government tourism information sharing sessions were co- ordinated in municipalities linked						



# 4. Human Resource Information



### **Employees Per Occupational Bands: March 2019**

OCCUPATIONAL DANID		MALI	FEMALE				TOTAL		
OCCUPATIONAL BAND	African	Coloured	Indian	White	African	Coloured	Indian	White	TOTAL
Top Management	ĺ	0	0	2	3	0	I	I	8
Senior Management.	25	Ι	3	T	20	3	3	3	59
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and midmanagement.	96	3	4	4	109	8	6	7	237
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior management, supervisors, foreman and superintendents.	44	4	0	0	75	6	I	3	133
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making.	16	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	29
Unskilled and defined decision making.	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I
TOTAL	183	8	7	7	220	17	П	14	467

### Workforce Representativity as at end of 31 March 2019

Total Establishment							
Race	Number	Percentage					
Africans	403	86.3%					
Coloureds	25	5.4%					
Indians	18	4%					
Whites	21	4.5%					
TOTAL	467						
Persons with Disabilities	21	4.5%					

#### LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AGSA Auditor-General of South Africa

APP Annual Performance Plan

BAR Basic Assessment Report

**B-BBEE** broad-based black economic empowerment

**CoE** Compensation on Employees

**DPSA** Department for Public Service and

Administration

**EC** Eastern Cape

EPWP Expanded Public Works Programme

**FS** Free State

FTE full-time equivalent

**GP** Gauteng

GTAC Government Technical Advisory Centre

**HRD** Human Resource Development

ICTSP Information Communication Technology

Strategic Plan

IORA Indian Ocean Rim Association

JSE Journey to Service Excellence

**KZN** KwaZulu Natal

**LP** Limpopo

MoA Memorandum of Agreement

MP Mpumalanga
NC Northern Cape
NT National Treasury

NTCE National Tourism Careers Expo

NTIMS: National Tourism Information and Monitoring

System

NTSS: National Tourism Sector Strategy

**NYCTP** National Youth Chefs Training Programme

**NW** North West

RMC Risk Management Committee

**RoD** Record of Decision

SADC Southern African Development Community

SANS South African National Standard
SANParks South African National Parks

**SA Tourism** South African Tourism

**SEDA** Small Enterprise Development Agency

**SKA** Square Kilometre Array

**SMME** Small, medium and micro-enterprise

SMS Senior Management Services

SP Strategic Plan

**SRI** Social Responsibility Implementation

**TSHRD** Tourism Sector Human Resource

Development

**UA** Universal Access

VIC Visitor Information Centre

WC Western Cape

WHS World Heritage Site
WSP Workplace Skills Plan



# ThankYou

